

Love's rise has Packers on brink of playoffs

SPORTS, 1B

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Pharmacy Technician Shauna Yeagle stocks drug inventory at Smith Pharmacy last month in Little Chute. PHOTOS BY DAN POWERS/USA TODAY NETWORK-WISCONSIN

PRESCRIPTION **PREDICAMENT**

Local pharmacist says Appleton area is seeing long wait times, drug shortages

Becky Jacobs

LITTLE CHUTE — Frankly, Nic Smith said he's never seen so many angry people come to Smith Pharmacy because they had such poor experiences elsewhere.

"It's just one story after another," said Smith, pharmacist and owner of the Little Chute business. "People ... go to a pharmacy, and they wait in line for over an hour and they're mad. Or they tried calling for four hours and they can't get through to anybody. Then they come here, and they're upset, and ... we try to make things work."

Flu and cold season is always a busy time, Smith said, especially with the latest RSV and COVID-19 vaccines. But it's been extra tricky, he said, to keep up with the "huge influx of customers" that his family-owned, independent pharmacy has experienced in recent months. Still, Smith said, they're doing they're best. And they're not alone.

Drug and staffing shortages have created long wait times and frustrated customers at pharmacies across the country, the Associated Press reported this fall. Meanwhile, thousands of pharmacists and pharmacy technicians from large retail chains, such as CVS and Walgreens, walked out to protest deteriorating working conditions, according to USA TO-

"They're sick of getting yelled at by customers all day, or they're so hectic that they don't feel comfortable with the safety of what they're doing because they're under such pressure," Smith said.

Leaders of CVS and Walgreens previously said they've



Pharmacist Dan Steffen verifies prescriptions at Smith Pharmacy in Little Chute

hired more people and added resources, among other steps, according to the Associated Press.

From Smith's perspective, though, there's an underlying issue that's snowballed over the years, he said, and led up to this point.

One Appleton resident struggled to get medications after surgery, another says he's switching pharmacies

In early December, The Post-Crescent asked readers about their recent experiences at area pharmacies. People who responded asked to not have their full names included in this story as they discussed private medical information.

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Strides taken to address mental health

Natalie Eilbert

Green Ray Press-Gazette USA TODAY NETWORK - WISCONSIN

It's been nearly a year since Gov. Tony Evers declared 2023 "The Year of Mental Health," and with it, a proposal to inject \$500 million into mental health services across the state over the next two years — with a particular focus on children.

"The state of mental health in Wisconsin is a quiet, burgeoning crisis that I believe will have catastrophic consequences for generations if we don't treat it with the urgency it requires," Evers said on Jan. 24, 2023, at his annual State of the State address.

When it comes to the subject of mental health, however, shifts in perspective and culture can be glacial and slow to change. It's a hard truth that few things epitomized better than the final outcome of the 2023-25 biennial budget, Senate Bill 70, where few mental health-related items survived sweeping legislative cuts by the Republican-controlled Legislature.

Out of the \$90 billion biennial budget, a little less than \$50 million will go toward mental and behavioral health

The budget may have largely been a disappointment to leaders like Mary Kay Battaglia of NAMI Wisconsin and Linda Hall of the Wisconsin Office of Children's Mental Health, but leaders

"I'd be lying if I didn't say I was more optimistic prior to the budget coming out, because when you have conversations with folks and you feel like they get it, the budget just doesn't reflect the conversations you've had," Battaglia told USA TODAY NETWORK-Wisconsin in June. "But I am optimistic because the sheriff's department, the law department, the (American Psychological Association), ourselves, disability rights activists - many people are at the table saying we need to look at the system and improve it."

Here's a look at some of the wins and losses this year for mental health in Wisconsin.

Increases in school-based mental health budget

Funding for school-based mental health services will increase from \$10 million to \$30 million over the biennium, a move that many stakeholders see as a win, including Amy Herbst,

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What's the average life expectancy in Wisconsin?

Claire Reid

Milwaukee Journal Sentinel USA TODAY NETWORK - WISCONSIN

The average life expectancy in the United States has been declining, data released recently by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention shows, and

it's been going down in Wisconsin, too. The data shows that the average life expectancy in the U.S. increased by about one year between 2021 and 2022, but it still hasn't recovered to pre-pan-

According to the CDC data, in 2022, the average life expectancy at birth in the U.S. was 77.5 years. This represents a 1.1-year increase from 2021, when the average life expectancy was 76.4. However, prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, in 2019 the average life expectancy in the U.S. was 78.8 years. It dropped more than two years between 2019 and 2021.

In Wisconsin, the average life expectancy was 77.7 years in 2020, the most recent year with CDC data available. This represented a 1.6-year drop from 2019, when life expectancy in the state was 79.3.

What is the average life expectancy in Wisconsin?

Among all 50 states, Wisconsin had the 17th-highest average life expectancy in 2020 at 77.7 years. It was second among Midwestern states, behind Minnesota, which had the third-highest life

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Pharmacist

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After he had quadruple bypass surgery in early November, Jim, 78, of Appleton, said his doctor sent medications that he needed to start taking right away to the Walgreens at East Calumet Street and South Kensington Drive. Jim's wife checked with the pharmacy multiple times that Tuesday and Wednesday, and an employee said they were 460 prescriptions behind, according to Jim.

So, Jim had his medications resent to the Walmart on East Calumet, he said, and they were ready when his wife arrived.

It's "been a pain in the neck" for Bob, 80, of Appleton, to get what he needs at that same Walgreens. Bob said he feels trapped there, though, because of his insurance.

"I've been in sales and marketing all my life," Bob said, and "there's three reasons why you buy: price, quality and service."

Quality is the same everywhere because it's the same prescription, he said. His insurance keeps him at Walgreens. But if he could find another place that would fill his prescription, even for a couple of a hundred dollars more, Bob said, "I would run away from Walgreens."

Next year, Bob said he plans to switch healthcare systems and start going to Hometown Pharmacy. It's a group of independent locations throughout Wisconsin and upper Michigan, which Bob hopes will provide a more personal touch.

Other people discussed pharmacies' limited hours. Many locations in the area close for a half an hour in the afternoons for meal breaks, according to the companies' websites.

An 89-year-old Appleton woman said she regularly waits about 30 minutes at the Walgreens at West Northland Avenue and North Richmond Street. Recently, she said she sat in the drive-thru for a little over an hour.

"I will say that everyone that works there is extremely friendly and helpful, even under really busy conditions," another person wrote about that location.

Drug shortages for diabetes, ADHD medications continue

While Kathleen, 78, had no problems getting vaccines at her pharmacy, the Appleton resident said she's had trouble getting her Trulicity prescription for her diabetes.

"I'm really worried ... because I have no doses left in my refrigerator," she told The Post-Crescent in mid-December.

Kathleen said she checks with her Pick 'n Save pharmacy on North Ballard Road every couple of days. The staff has been helpful, she said, checking at other pharmacies in the system. They told her Green Bay had a dose, but the time Kathleen called, she said, some-



Certified Pharmacy Technician Kathy Zimmermann counts pills for a prescription at Smith Pharmacy in Little Chute. DAN POWERS/USA TODAY NETWORK-WISCONSIN

one else had already purchased it.

While, Kathleen's prescription is for a 90 day supply, she's considered getting smaller doses, she said, but that could lead to insurance issues. Kathleen also hasn't tried other area pharmacies yet because she imagines everyone is in the "same boat."

This has been an "enormous problem," said Smith, of Little Chute's Smith Pharmacy, because this class of medications became popular on social media over the past year because of how well they work for weight loss.

"Now everybody wants to be on it, so manufacturers literally cannot make it fast enough," he said, and people who need it for diabetes struggle to get their doses.

There have been other drug shortages, too. For instance, Smith said access to medication for attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder continues to be a problem

Smith Pharmacy lost \$200K on one drug, says insurance reimbursements getting 'worse'

In the 10 years that Smith Pharmacy has been in business, "this is one of the toughest times" they've faced, Smith said, second to the COVID-19 pandemic.

"It's awful right now, to be honest," Smith said about the struggles that customers, pharmacies and staff are

In Smith's opinion, "it all boils down to PBMs," he said, or pharmacy benefit managers. According to the Wisconsin Independent Pharmacy Association, PBMs "act as middlemen between drug makers, health insurers and pharmacies." Over the years, Smith said, PBMs have put a tighter squeeze on pharmacies, making insurance reimbursements "worse and worse and worse."

"We lost over \$200,000 on one drug alone this year from insurance reimbursements," Smith said.

Pharmacies have had to adapt to survive, according to Smith. In order to be profitable, pharmacies run a "very lean staff," he said, but then employees get burned out and customer service struggles, creating "a trickle down effect."

Smith Pharmacy has about 50 employees, he said, including 10 pharmacists, 32 technicians and two registered nurses. They plan to expand at Freedom Road, but Smith said that's still months away.

"It scares me because customer service is our forte," he said. "That's our bread and butter, and I don't want to lose that by having crazy volume and chaos every day."

Pharmacist hopes Wisconsin bill will help; Universities create programs to get more people in field

There is currently a PBM reform bill — cosponsored by representatives from Fond du Lac, Harrison, Hobart and Oshkosh — in the Wisconsin Legislature, which Smith said would "help a lot." Among other things, Senate Bill 737 says a pharmacy benefit manager would have to reimburse at least the same rate as Wisconsin Medicaid.

Smith said he sees Wisconsin Medicaid as a "fair insurance, where you're making five to 10 dollars on every prescription."

"You're certainly not going to get rich off it," he said, "but you're not going to lose money on it."

Steve Swanson, dean of the University of Wisconsin-Madison's School of Pharmacy, recently wrote about this legislation and the challenges that pharmacies face. Swanson also reflected on a "dramatic decline in applications to pharmacy schools nationwide."

Earlier this year, the UW-Madison School of Pharmacy created the PharmD Early Assurance program to help high school seniors enter the field. This fall, University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee also partnered with the Medical College of Wisconsin School of Pharmacy to create an accelerated path for pharmacy students.

"For us, technicians are hard to find," Smith said.

Be kind, 'have patience,' pharmacist says

As problems persist, Smith recommends that people find a pharmacy they trust and "have patience." Be kind, he said, and don't get mad at pharmacists at area stores.

"It's not their fault," Smith said. "They're trying their tail off."

Even the corporate leaders of chain pharmacies are "in a tough spot" right now, he said, navigating whether to staff stores appropriately and lose money, or hope a lean staff can keep things running and make a profit.

It's also helpful to keep an eye on prescriptions and request a refill before running out to give pharmacists extra time to fill them, according to Smith.

Reporter Alexandria Bursiek Kloehn contributed to

Reach Becky Jacobs at bjacobs@gannett.com or 920-993-7117. Follow her on Twitter at @ruthyjacobs .



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